

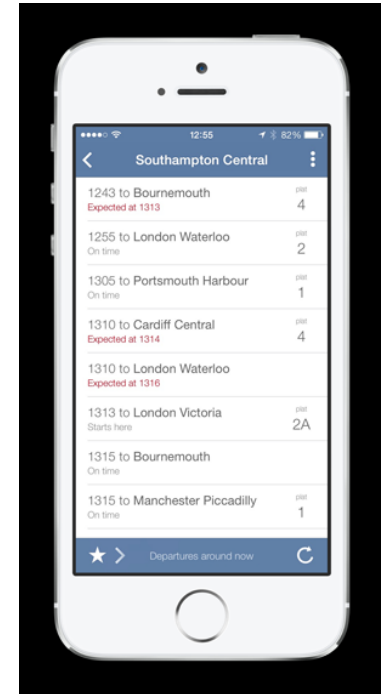
ITS and Public Transport: Rail

Professor John Preston
Chair in Rail Transport



What can ITS do for railways?

- Automatic Train Location
- Automatic Train Control/Driver Assistance Systems
- Smart Ticketing and Intelligent Pricing
- Security and Surveillance
- Multimodal, real-time passenger information & navigation systems
- On train and station displays
- Through Journey Apps



TSAG's 30 year challenges

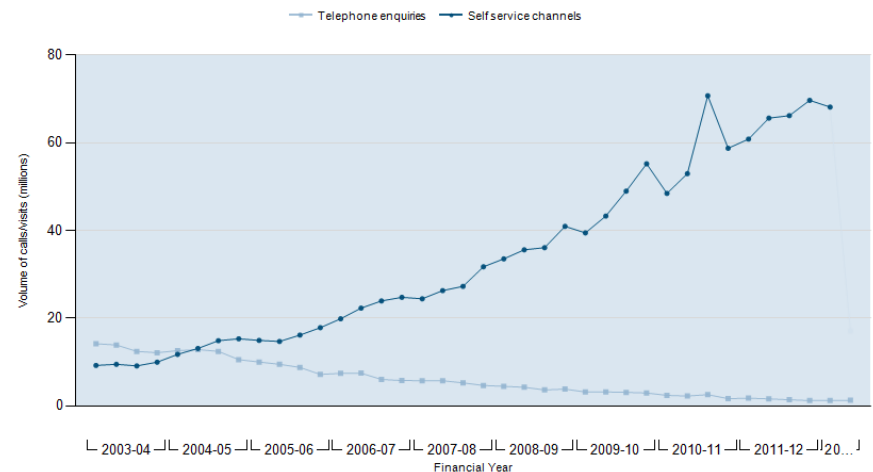
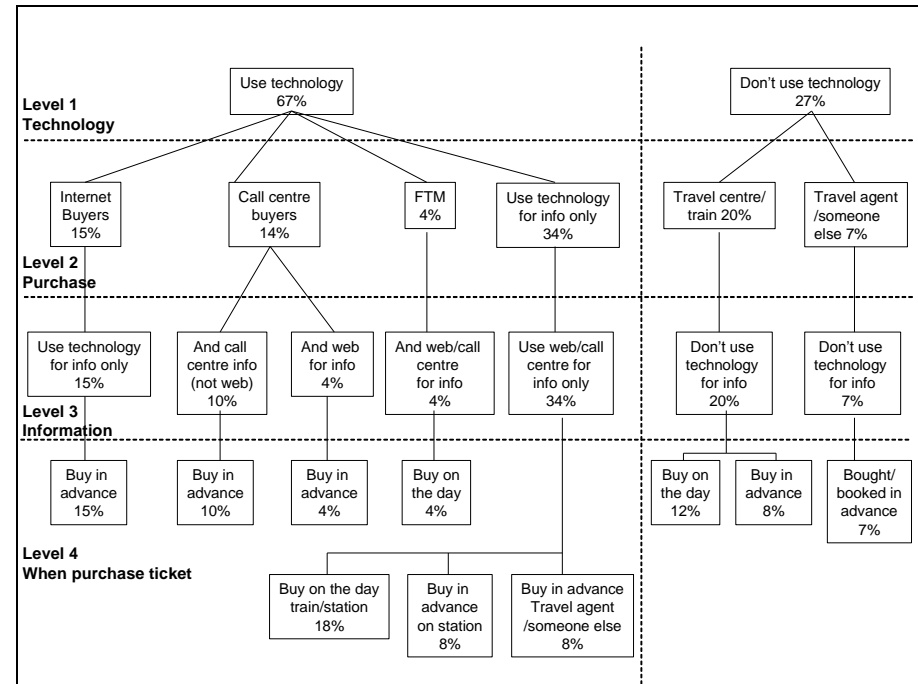
Cost: Halve the cost of rail operations
Capacity: Double network capacity
Carbon: Halve the industry's carbon footprint
Customer: Increase customer satisfaction to 99%

Competitiveness:

GB rail as part of the fabric of economic success

Case Study (I) Rail Passenger Needs

- Limited (short-run) effects in terms of passenger and revenue growth
- Greater potential for cost reductions (e.g. retail distribution)
- Initially mitigated by fragmented market and technology proliferation
- But internet technology beginning to dominate.

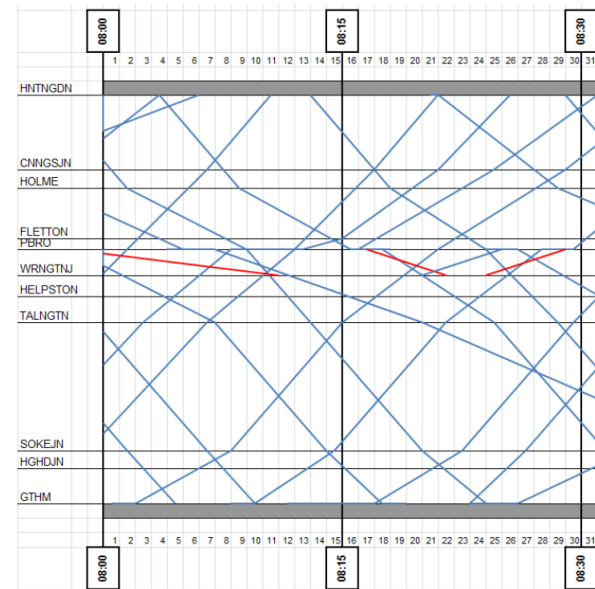
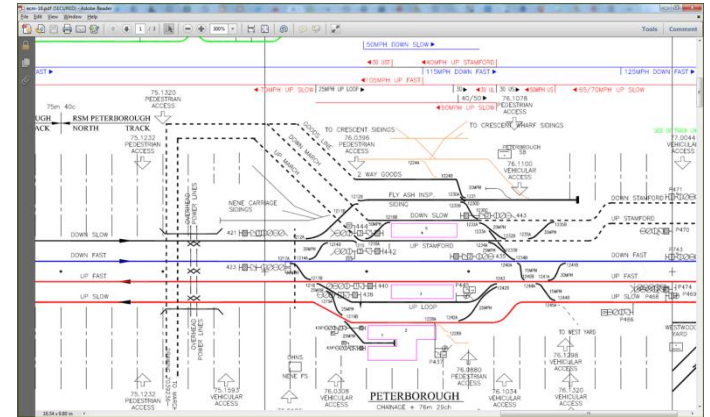


Case Study (II): Capacity Management Systems

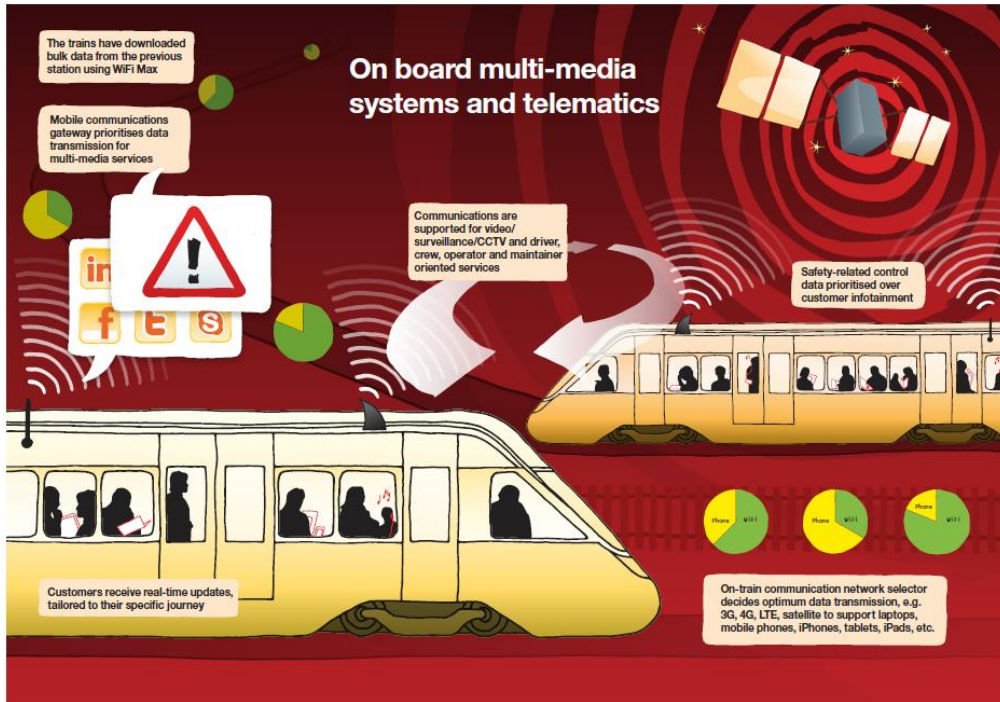
CUI Measures (%) 07:00 to 09:00
190 Nodes and associated links

	Min	Max	Mean
Nodes - Existing	0	64	25
- Optimised	0	81	26
Links - Existing	0	51	23
- Optimised	0	73	24

Smarter scheduling could eliminate train waiting times and increase train movements by 26%.



Academic Response to Rail Southhampton Technical Strategy 2012



Common Design Concept	Technical theme					
	Command Control Comms	Energy	Infrastructure	Rolling Stock	Information	Customer Experience
Whole-system reliability	■	■	■	■	■	■
Resilience	■	■	■	■	■	■
Security	■	■	■	■	■	■
Automation	■	■	■	■	■	■
Simplicity	■	■	■	■	■	■
Flexibility	■	■	■	■	■	■
Sustainability	■	■	■	■	■	■

■ design concept has high relevance to technical theme
 ■ design concept has moderate relevance

Key Issue:
 Understanding the Human: Machine Interface.
 Beware the ironies of automation.